# Protecting Minnesota's Sources of Drinking Water

A Public Health Approach

Randy Ellingboe, P.E. Section of Drinking Water Protection

For the Legislative Water Commission December 4, 2015



### Outline

- Source Water Protection Strategies
- Land Uses Drive Water Quality
- People Decide How Land is Used
- Connecting with People to Protect Source Water
- Challenges and Opportunities

### Drinking Water Sources in Minnesota



## Public Water Supply Systems

- Serve 4.4 million people
- 24 surface water sources
- ~11,000 Public Wells
- ~960 systems that provide water to people where they live
- ~6,000 systems that provide water to people where they work or play



Public Water Supplies in MN

## Source Water Protection

- Preventing contamination in a well's recharge area
- Required in statute for groundwater systems (MS s 103I.101)
- Surface intake protection are voluntary – 3 plans
- More effective and costefficient than clean-up, treatment, or drilling a new well



Public Water Supplies in MN

### Public Health Targets and Prevents Source Water Protection Strategies



- Scientists define a protection area to target
- Planners determine actions to prevent contamination in the area
- Schedule: every 10 years, or with new well

Local Ownership of Protection Plans Source Water Protection Strategies

- Public water supplier works with local government, businesses, and land owners to manage threats
- Tools: relationships, ordinances, easements, grants, etc.



## 4.4 Million People to Protect

#### Source Water Protection Strategies



- 963 total community water systems
- Prioritize large populations, high risk systems first
- Plans so far protect 87% of people on public water supplies

## Land Use Drives Water Quality

#### Together we can prevent water pollution.





#### Urban Land Use Land Use Drives Water Quality



### Goal is Prevention, but... Land Use Drives Water Quality



#### Perham:

- Shallow sand and gravel aquifers
- Nitrate approaches drinking water standard
- City builds momentum through outreach and education
- Converted 285 acres in wellhead area from row crop to other, low-impact uses
- Nitrate reduced to meet drinking water standards

#### Land Use in Minnesota People Decide How Land is Used

- 56 M acres total
- 26 M acres in agricultural production
- 16 M acres of forest
- 13 M acres of lakes, rivers, and wetlands

#### 70% of land is privately owned

#### High Risk Drinking Water Acreage People Decide How Land is Used

- Acres in MN = 56 M
- Well areas = 1.22 M
- Vulnerable acres
  - = 360 K
- Growing as more protection plans are completed
- Do-able

MDH Minnesota Department *of* Health



#### Multiple Benefits People Decide How Land is Used

#### **Worthington Wells Wildlife Management Area**



### Individual Level Connecting with People to Protect Source Water



## **Community Level**

#### Connecting with People to Protect Source Water



Annual residential turf management clinics protect vulnerable water supplies



#### Social and Economic System Level Connecting with People to Protect Source Water



## Challenges

- Our actions on the land threaten the safety of our drinking water
- Source water protection largely relies on voluntary actions by citizens, businesses, and communities
- Markets and economic systems can make easement opportunities less attractive

## Opportunities

- Build capacity in local governments to engage citizens and decisionmakers
- Facilitate land use changes that have multiple benefits
- Develop competitive financial support for land uses that protect drinking water

### Questions?



